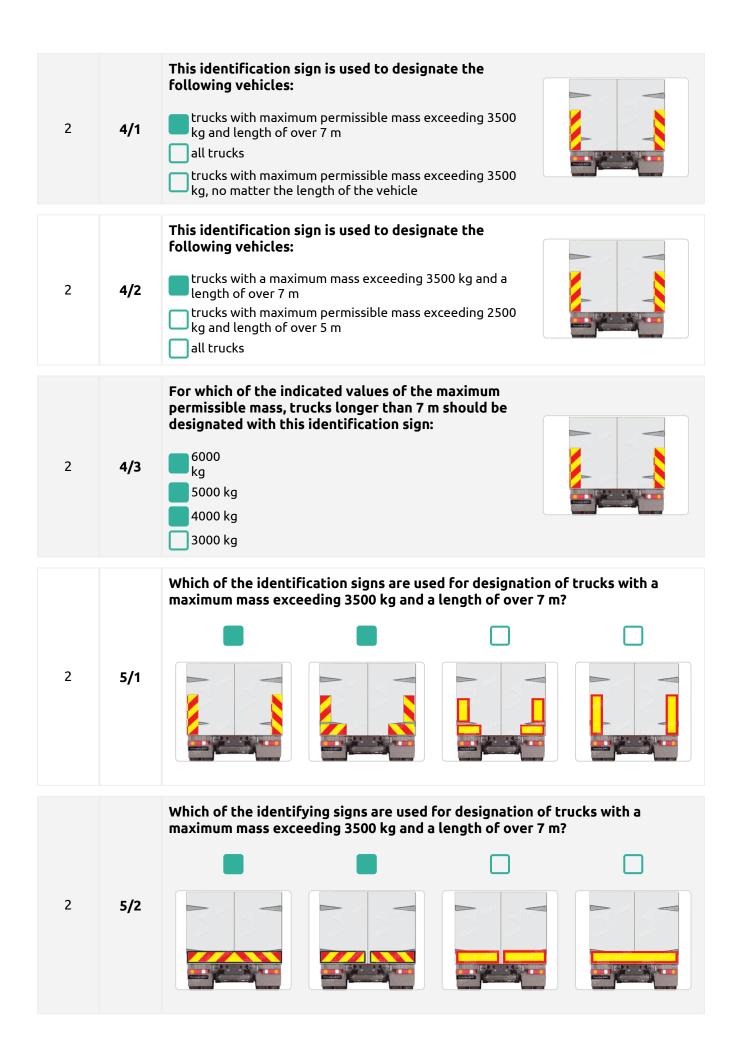
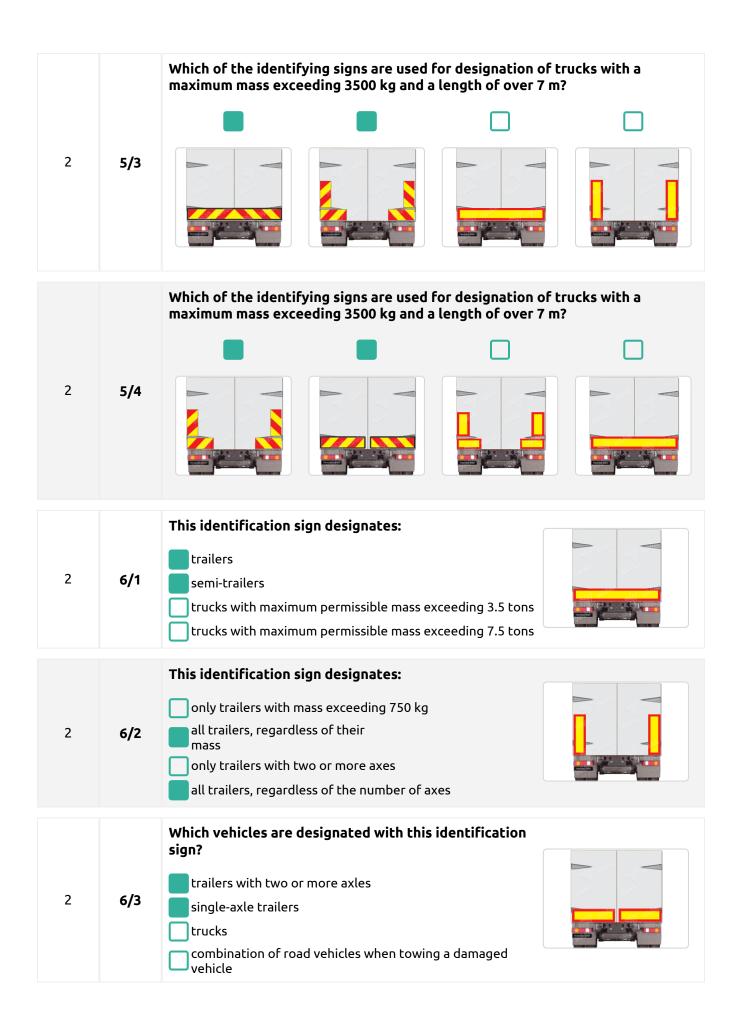
## **EXECUTIVE AGENCY "ROAD TRANSPORT ADMINISTRATION"**

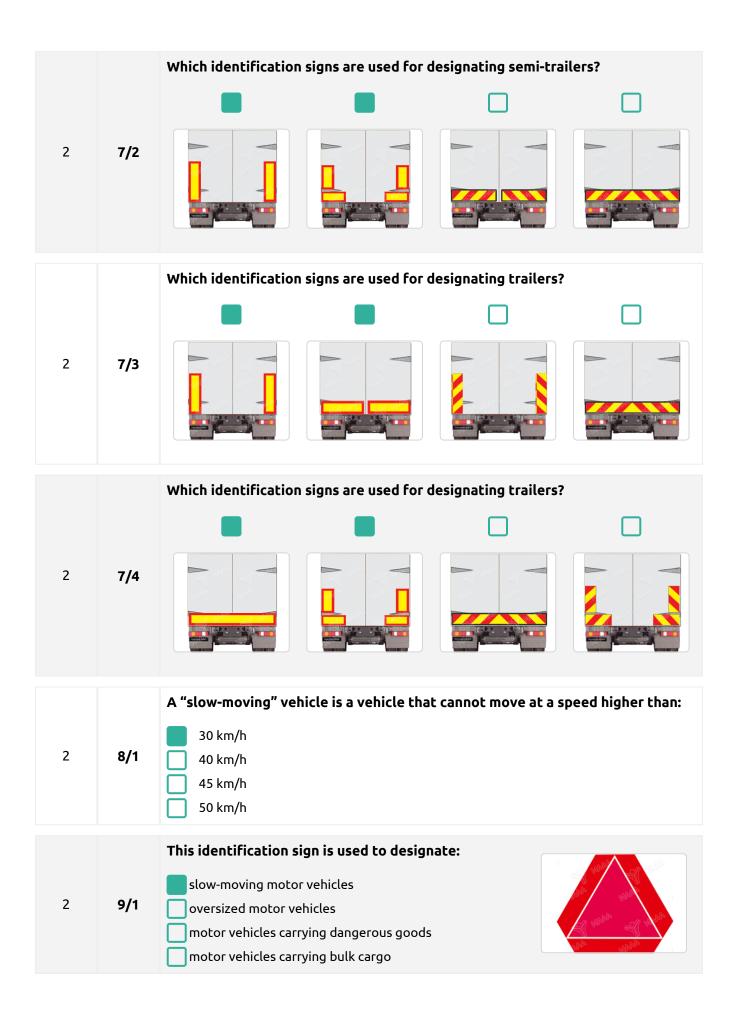
## EXAM QUESTIONS FOR CANDIDATES FOR ACQUISITION OF DRIVING LICENSE FROM CATEGORIES AM, A1, A2, A, B1, B AND T

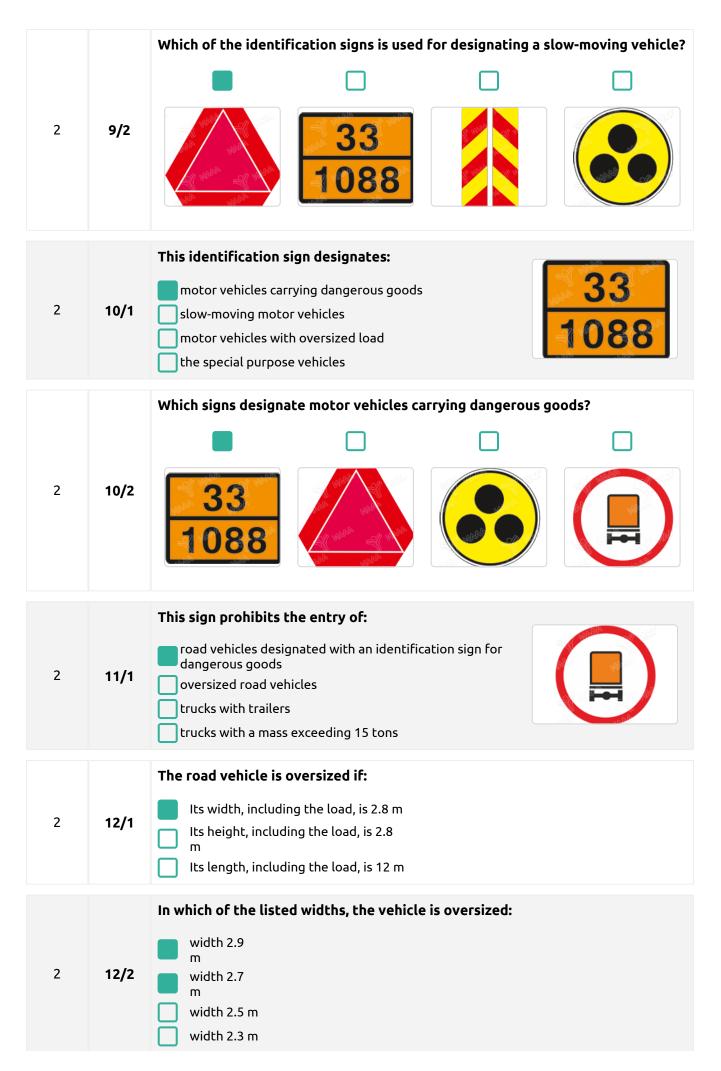
Topic 3: THE OTHER ROAD USERS AND THE SPECIFICS OF DRIVING DIFFERENT TYPES OF VEHICLES

## **Points Number Question and answers** This sign: designates a vehicle transporting an organized group of children warns about children on the 2 1/1 road indicates the location of the school bus stop shows the children the place where to cross the driveway Which sign designates a vehicle transporting an organized group of children? 2 1/2 When transporting an organized group of children, the vehicle is designated with the following identification sign: only at the front of the 2 2/1 vehicle only at the rear of the vehicle both at the front and at the rear part of the vehicle While approaching this bus, the driver must: ensure the safety of the children stop, if 2 3/1 necessary give a sound signal before passing by the move faster by the bus









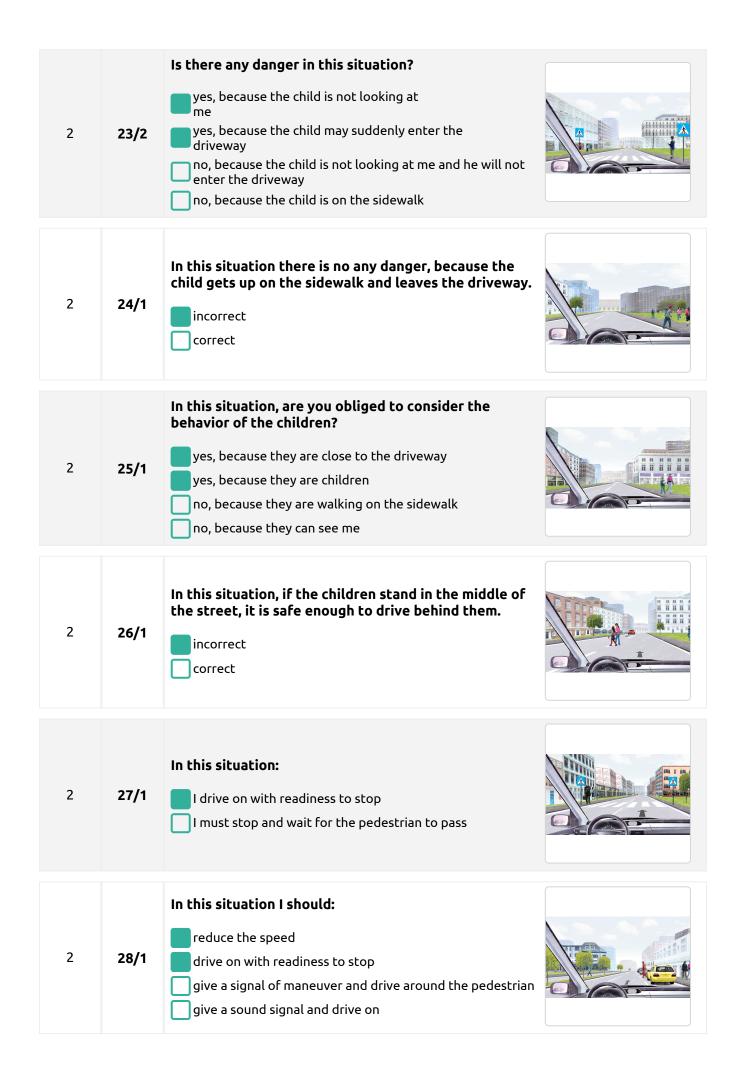
		The road vehicle is oversized if:
		Its height, including the load, is 4.2
2	12/3	m Its width, including the load, is 2.2
		Its length, including the load, is 12 m
		The road vehicle is oversized if:
2	12/4	Its height, including the load, is 4.5 m
2	12/4	Its height, including the load, is 4.8 m
		Its height, including the load, is 2.5 m
		Its height, including the load, is 3.5 m
		For which of the heights listed below the vehicle considered as oversized:
		height of 4.5 m
2	12/5	height of 4.3 m
		height of 4.1 m
		height of 3.9 m
		The road vehicle is oversized if:
		Its height, including the load, is 4.5
2	12/6	m
		Its width, including the load, is 2.8 m
		Its length, including the load, is 9 m
		In this situation, is there a danger for the children
		cyclists while driving past them?
		yes, because the cyclists are children
2	13/1	yes, because the cyclists are moving close to the middle of the driveway
		no, because the cyclists are in the neighbouring road
		Ulane
		no, because the cyclists can see me
		In this situation:
2	13/2	I should be careful and cautious
		there is no danger because the cyclists are in the
		neighbouring road lane and they can see me

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2	13/3	Which of the following actions should be taken in this situation?  reduce speed drive with readiness to stop ensure sufficient lateral distance give a sound signal	
2	13/4	In this situation, in order to ensure the safety of the children cyclists, I must:  reduce the speed provide a sufficient lateral distance immediately stop give a sound signal	
2	14/1	In this situation, before I start the overtaking, I must give a sound signal.  incorrect  correct	
2	14/2	In this situation I must:  drive with readiness to stop  be cautious to the behaviour of the cyclists  ensure greater lateral distance while overtaking  give a sound signal	
2	14/3	In this situation I must:  drive with readiness to stop  be cautious to the behaviour of the cyclists  give a sound signal in order to draw the attention of the cyclists	
2	15/1	Which of the road vehicles listed below requires larger ensured while overtaking?  the bicycle the moped the tractor the articulated bus	lateral distance to be

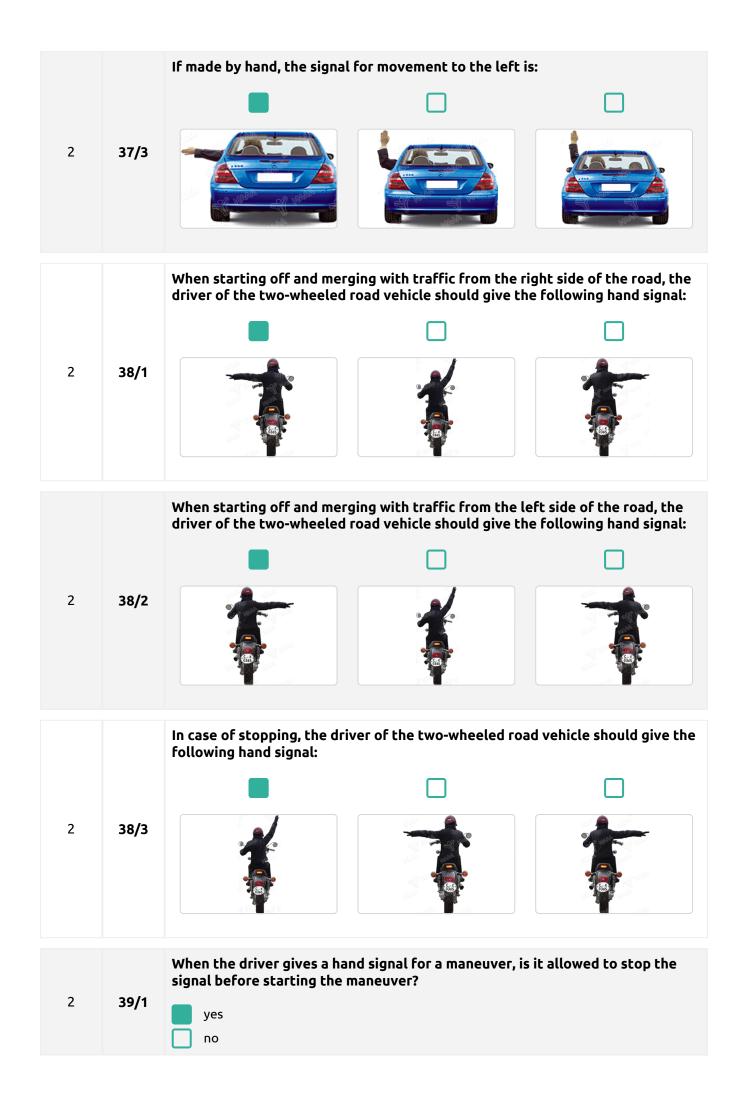
2	16/1	The drivers of two-wheeled motor vehicles are more vulnerable than passenger car drivers because:  they easily lose their stability while driving they are not protected by the passenger car body it is more difficult to see them when they are in the "blind spot" of the passenger car they drive more slowly
2	17/1	In this situation, while passing past the cart there is a danger:  if the cart suddenly changes its direction of movement due to frightening of the animal  if another domestic animal accompanying the cart goes out on the driveway  if the cart enters the driveway due to obstruction on the road side  if impossible to overtake because of the speed at which it moves impedes the overtaking
2	17/2	In this situation, while overtaking the cart there is a danger:  of loads falling in front of the passenger car if the cart suddenly changes its direction of movement due to frightening of the animal if another domestic animal accompanying the cart goes out on the driveway, if impossible to overtake
2	18/1	Children under 12 years must get off a passenger car, which has stopped on the driveway, from:  the side of the sidewalk the side of the road side the side of the driver of the motor vehicle the side which is more convenient for the driver
2	19/1	Children under 12 years must board a passenger car, which has stopped on the driveway, from:  the side of the sidewalk the side of the road side either side of the vehicle, if the child is accompanied by an adult the side of the driver of the motor vehicle

2	20/1	In this situation, the driver of the motor vehicle must give way to the pedestrian.  correct incorrect	
2	21/1	In which of the following cases the driver of a non-rail road vehicle is obliged to give way to the pedestrians walking on the pedestrian crossing:  if the crossing is outlined by dashed lines if the path is of the "Zebra" type only if the path is not outlined by road markings if the path is designated by a road sign only	
2	21/2	In this situation, the pedestrian has the right of way.  correct incorrect	
2	21/3	When is the driver of a non-rail road vehicle obliged to give way to the pedestrians walking on the pedestrian crossing?  always only when the pedestrians have reached the middle of the driveway only when they are close to the car	
2	22/1	How should you act in the following situation?  I should give way to the pedestrian  I may drive through, because the pedestrian has not reached the middle of the driveway  I may drive through, because the pedestrian is in the neighbouring road lane	
2	23/1	Is there any danger in this situation when the child is on the sidewalk?  yes  no	



2	29/1	Which of the following actions will ensure greater safety for the children in this situation?  driving at a greater distance from them drive on with readiness to stop reduce the speed drive quickly past them
2	30/1	This road sign:  warns about a danger of unexpected occurrence of children on the driveway indicates the beginning of the pedestrian crossing prohibits the movement of children on the road designates the exact place where children cross the driveway
2	30/2	Which of these means of signalization indicates a danger of unexpected occurrence of children on the driveway?
2	31/1	After a traffic light signal allows the driver to drive through a pedestrian crossing, is the driver obliged to take into consideration the pedestrians on it?  yes, always  yes, but only with those which give a hand signal  no
2	32/1	In this situation, when the signal of the traffic-controller allows the driver of the car to drive through, is he obliged to take into consideration the pedestrians?  yes  no
2	33/1	When the driver of a road vehicle should give a signal for his intention to make a sideward maneuver?  always only if there is another road vehicle behind him in heavy traffic only in reduced visibility only

2	33/2	Should the driver always give appropriate signals before setting off to join the traffic?  yes  no
2	34/1	The signal for maneuvers is given:  before the maneuver  with the start of the maneuver  after starting the maneuver
2	35/1	The short switching over of the lights, as an additional signal for making a maneuver, is:  not allowed in the traffic in populated areas allowed outside of the populated areas allowed in road traffic not allowed in highway traffic
2	36/1	The driver of a road vehicle should give a signal to the other road users:  before making a turn at a road junction before leaving the road lane before joining the road traffic before abrupt reduction of the speed
2	37/1	If made by hand, the signal for stopping is:
2	37/2	If made by hand, the signal for movement to the right is:



2	40/1	When the turn indicators are damaged, how should a signal be given before moving around with moving to the left?  with stretched sideward left hand with lifted vertically hand with stretched sideward right hand I am not obliged to give a signal
2	41/1	How must the driver give a signal for his intention to join the road traffic, if the turn indicator of the car is damaged?  he should give a hand signal he should give a sound signal he is not obliged to give a signal it is enough to switch over the lights
		When driving in a populated area, is it allowed to use a sound signal?
2	42/1	only when required for road traffic accident prevention while approaching a pedestrian crossing with pedestrians on it always
		While driving outside a populated area it is allowed to use a sound signal:
2	43/1	While driving outside a populated area it is allowed to use a sound signal:  for road traffic  accident prevention  at higher speeds  no restrictions
2	43/1	for road traffic accident prevention at higher speeds
2	43/1 44/1	for road traffic accident prevention at higher speeds no restrictions
		for road traffic     accident prevention     at higher speeds     no restrictions  While driving outside of populated area, the driver may use the sound signal:     to warn the road users about a possible danger     as an additional signal, while performing a maneuver     for road traffic accident prevention

2	46/1	The signal for maneuver given with a turn indicator must be stopped:  immediately after the maneuver  immediately after the start of the maneuver  during the maneuver  immediately upon completion of the maneuver
2	47/1	Does the signal given by the driver before the maneuver provide him right of way?  yes no
2	48/1	Yellow flashing or blinking light is used to designate:  a motor vehicle, which is an obstacle to the other motor vehicles a motor vehicle, which poses a threat to the road traffic motor vehicles with special regime of movement all special purpose vehicles
2	49/1	"Emergency signal" is:  the simultaneous switching on of all direction Indicators switching between high and low beam the successive switching on and off of all lights the simultaneous switching on and off of the low-beam headlights and the sidelights
2	50/1	The simultaneous switching on of all direction indicators is used for:  warning of the road users about danger on the road designating the vehicles with special regime of movement designating a parked road vehicle warning the other road users about the undertaking of a maneuver
2	51/1	Before making the maneuver the driver of the road vehicle should signal for it because:  by the signal he warns the other road users of his intention he shows the other drivers in which direction he will continue the movement the signal relieves him from liability the signal gives him right of way
2	52/1	Is it allowed, while making of maneuver, to give an additional signal by a short turning-on of the lights?  yes  no

2	53/1	The driver of the motor vehicle may signal other road users by a short turning- on of the high-beam headlights:  to warn them about a possible danger while making the maneuver to draw their attention during a maneuver to indicate that he will make a U- turn to show them that he has right of way
2	54/1	What must the driver do if the following stick signal is given?  stop continue driving at lower speed he is not obliged to take this signal into consideration give an emergency signal
2	55/1	What is the pedestrian standing on the sidewalk with a stretched up arm or arm stretched across the road signaling?  his intention to enter the driveway  tells the driver that he will wait for the passing cars  signals the other pedestrians that they may cross the driveway  signals the other pedestrians that they may not cross the driveway
2	56/1	How do the pedestrians signal their intention to cross the driveway?  with the arm stretched up  with the arm stretched across the driveway  with a circular motion of the arm  the pedestrians have not the right to give signals
2	57/1	When the pedestrian gives a signal with his arm for his intention to cross on a pedestrian crossing, the driver of the road vehicle:  is obliged to give way to him without creating danger for the road traffic  must immediately stop  is not obliged to take him into consideration  must give a signal to the pedestrian that he will give way to him

		In this situation, you should slow down and be prepared to stop because:
2	58/1	the white car will turn left and join the traffic the vehicle in front of you is giving a right turn signal there are children on the roadway
		In this situation you should slow down and be prepared to stop because of:
2	59/1	the white car parked on the right side the child the motorcycle
_		
		What should you do in this situation?
	60/1	give a sound signal to the cyclist to let you pass by
2		overtake the cyclist continue driving behind the cyclist
		In this situation, you should stop:
2	61/1	because you do not have sufficient view of the road where you want to continue driving  to wait for the white car to drive off  to give way to the cyclist

		What should you do in this situation?
2	62/1	wait for the cyclist to pass in order to provide enough side distance to him continue driving, reducing your speed continue driving without changing your speed
2	63/1	What should you do in this situation?  keep on driving at low speed/slowly as there are no signs that a pedestrian is willing to cross along the pedestrian crossing  stop because the child on the left sidewalk is about to step into the roadway stop because the running person approaching from the right will cross along the pedestrian crossing
2	64/1	What should you do in this situation? overtake the blue car and move to the right lane slow down to prompt the vehicle behind you to maintain the required distance overtake the red car and move to the right lane
2	65/1	What should you do in this situation?  continue driving without changing your speed move to the left slow down and stop if necessary